

USAO OFFICIAL NOTIFICATION POSTED ON OCTOBER 10, 2025

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
COURT CASE NUMBER: 5:24-CR-135-H; NOTICE OF FORFEITURE**

Notice is hereby given that on October 07, 2025, in the case of U.S. v. Qurrán Thomas, Court Case Number 5:24-CR-135-H, the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas entered an Order condemning and forfeiting the following property to the United States of America:

1 round of unknown ammunition CAL:40 (24-ATF-036043), which was seized from Qurrán Thomas on or about May 16, 2024, in Plainview, TX

UNKNOWN GEISLER PISTOL CAL:40 SN:NONE (24-ATF-036044), which was seized from Qurrán Thomas on or about May 16, 2024, in Plainview, TX

1 round of SELLIER & BELLOT ammunition CAL:40 (24-ATF-036045), which was seized from Qurrán Thomas on or about May 16, 2024, in Plainview, TX

1 round of unknown ammunition CAL:40 (24-ATF-036046), which was seized from Qurrán Thomas on or about May 16, 2024, in Plainview, TX

The United States hereby gives notice of its intent to dispose of the forfeited property in such manner as the United States Attorney General may direct. Any person, other than the defendant(s) in this case, claiming interest in the forfeited property must file an ancillary petition within 60 days of the first date of publication (October 08, 2025) of this Notice on this official government internet web site, pursuant to Rule 32.2 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure and 21 U.S.C. § 853(n)(1). The ancillary petition must be filed with the Clerk of the Court, 1205 Texas Avenue, Room 209, Lubbock, TX 79401-4091, and a copy served upon Assistant United States Attorney Matthew McLeod, Burnett Plaza Suite 1700, 801 Cherry Street, Unit #4, Fort Worth, TX 76102-6882. The ancillary petition shall be signed by the petitioner under penalty of perjury and shall set forth the nature and extent of the petitioner's right, title or interest in the forfeited property, the time and circumstances of the petitioner's acquisition of the right, title and interest in the forfeited property and any additional facts supporting the petitioner's claim and the relief sought, pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 853(n).

Following the Court's disposition of all ancillary petitions filed, or if no such petitions are filed, following the expiration of the period specified above for the filing of such ancillary petitions, the United States shall have clear title to the property and may warrant good title to any subsequent purchaser or transferee.

The government may also consider granting petitions for remission or mitigation, which pardon all or part of the property from the forfeiture. A petition must include a description of your interest in the property supported by documentation; include any facts you believe justify the return of the property; and be signed under oath, subject to the penalty of perjury, or meet the requirements of an unsworn

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statement under penalty of perjury. See 28 U.S.C. Section 1746. For the regulations pertaining to remission or mitigation of the forfeiture, see 28 C.F.R. Sections 9.1 - 9.9. The criteria for remission of the forfeiture are found at 28 C.F.R. Section 9.5(a). The criteria for mitigation of the forfeiture are found at 28 C.F.R. Section 9.5(b). The petition for remission need not be made in any particular form and may be filed online or in writing. You should file a petition for remission not later than 11:59 PM EST 30 days after the date of final publication of this notice. See 28 C.F.R. Section 9.3(a). The <https://www.forfeiture.gov/FilingPetition.htm> website provides access to a standard petition for remission form that may be mailed and the link to file a petition for remission online. If you cannot find the desired assets online, you must file your petition for remission in writing by sending it to Assistant United States Attorney Matthew McLeod, Burnett Plaza Suite 1700, 801 Cherry Street, Unit #4, Fort Worth, TX 76102-6882. This website provides answers to frequently asked questions (FAQs) about filing a petition for remission. You may file both an ancillary petition with the court and a petition for remission or mitigation.